Version with Markings to Show Changes Made

Please amend the specification as follows:

Page 13, paragraph starting on line 22:

Referring to FIG. 1, a preferred embodiment of the present invention 10 contains a flow tube 100, a by-pass 200, and a dechlorination agent reservoir 300. The flow tube 100 comprises a flow pipe 110, an inlet coupling 120, and an outlet coupling 130. The flow pipe 110 further comprises an inlet opening 112 and an outlet opening 116. The bv-pass 200 comprises an inlet tube 202, a reservoir connecting or mounting tube 204, an outlet tube 206, and an injection rate control valve 210. Inlet tube 202 and outlet tube 206 are each affixed in the flow pipe 110, in any suitable manner. The inlet tube 202 further comprises an inlet diverter 201. The outlet tube 204 further comprises an outlet converter 207. While valve 210 is shown on outlet tube 206, it could be located anywhere in by-pass 200 or the reservoir 300, such as on tubes 202 or 204. Multiple valves may also be used along the by-pass. The dechlorinating reservoir 300 comprises an untreated fluid inlet 310, an inflow directing tube 320, an agent mixing chamber 324, [an access cap 325,] and a treated fluid outlet 330. The treated fluid outlet may further comprise a screen 326, although a screen is not required in the preferred embodiment of the present invention because the inflow directing tube allows the agent to mix thoroughly with the fluid without "caking" at the bottom of the tank.

Page 14, paragraph starting on line 20:

Although the inlet and outlet tubes 202, 206 of the by-pass 200 are shown in FIG. 1 as being on opposite sides of the fluid flow and positioned at approximately a forty-five degree angle to the fluid flow, with the inlet tube 202 being angled toward the direction of the fluid flow and the outlet tube 206 being angled away from the fluid flow, as is preferred, the by-pass 200 may be

of any design. Further, the inlet and outlet tubes 202, 206 may be positioned anywhere along the flow tube 100 and at any angle relative to the fluid flow, such as the example shown in FIG. 2. In addition, the inlet tube diverter 201 and outlet tube converter 207 may be of any design. As illustrated in FIG. 1, the inlet tube diverter 201 and outlet tube converter 207 have angled ends set perpendicular to the fluid flow with their inlets in the angled ends. As illustrated in FIG. 2, the inlet tube diverter 201 and outlet tube converter 207 have straight ends set perpendicular to the fluid flow with their inlets in the side of the inlet and outlet tubes 202, 206. Similarly, the dechlorinating agent reservoir 300 and its untreated fluid inlet 310, treatment cylinder 320, access cap 325, and treated fluid outlet 330 may be of any design or shape and may be positioned anywhere, as illustrated by the various designs and positions in FIGS. 1, 3 and 4.

Page 16, paragraph starting on line 13:

Referring to FIG. 4, the dechlorination agent reservoir 300a comprises an untreated fluid inlet 310a, a treatment cylinder 320a, [an access cap 325a,] and a treated fluid outlet 330a. The treatment cylinder 320a further comprises an outlet cylinder 322a, an agent mixing chamber 324a, and a screen 326a.

Page 18, paragraph starting on line 16:

The agent mixing chamber 324 or 324a is preferably removable and replaceable from the dechlorination device [through the access cap 325 or 325a], and may be removed without removing the dechlorination device from the fluid flow path. The dechlorinating agent may be any liquid soluble including tablets, powder or as may be preferred by the user.